Concise Explanation of Japanese Reference

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5 Title: Enteral nutrients

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This patent document is cited in the prosecution of the corresponding Korean application (Korean Application No. 10-2006-7022476) as disclosing an enteral nutrient containing proteins, fats and carbohydrates at energy ratios of 10-40%, 10-40% and 40-80%, respectively. The Korean Patent Office asserts that the fluid foods contemplated in the corresponding application include such an enteral nutrient, that this document describes a composition comprising a plant-derived oil, such as rapeseed oil, that this document also describes enteral nutrients containing casein sodium, dairy proteins, dextrin, fructose, rapeseed oil and such, and that this document further teaches a process for preparing an enteral nutrient, comprising the steps of dissolving the components of the nutrient in hot water with stirring, and sterilizing the mixture.

The invention of this document provides enteral nutrients which could improve protein metabolism, immune ability, intestinal mucosal functions, and such through administration, for example, to patients receiving surgery or patients with severe infection.

The invention relates to liquid enteral nutrients having an osmotic pressure of 300 to 600 mOsm/kg, an amino acid score of 100, and comprising the following substances as main ingredients:

substance A: nitrogen source substances of 10-40 energy % to the total energy source, and comprising proteins, glutamine-containing peptides, and amino acids;

substance B: lipids of 10-40 energy % to the total energy source;

substance C: carbohydrates of 40-80 energy % to the total energy source;

substance D: an emulsifier; and

substance E: water.

The glutamine-containing peptide added to the enteral nutrient is expected to show an effect of improving protein metabolism, immune ability, intestinal mucosal functions, and such. It is not converted after dissolving in water or heat sterilization into pyroglutamate which does not show these effects.

An osmotic pressure of 300 to 600 mOsm/kg represents an osmotic pressure which imposes little burden to the body, and an amino acid score of 100 is used so that the effect of the glutamine-containing peptide is most effectively exhibited.

The Examples show methods for preparing various enteral nutrients and measuring various parameters (such as protein, glutamine, lipid, and carbohydrate contents; amino acid score; osmotic pressure; pH; and palatability) of the prepared enteral nutrients. However, the antibacterial effects of the enteral nutrients are not discussed with showing experimental results or data.

The enteral nutrients prepared in the Examples are shown in Table 1.

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Table 1

		Example 1	Example 2	Example 3	Example 4	Example 5	Example 6	Comparative	Comparative	Comparative
H	Substance A	Extamp 10	Example 1	Ending 10 c	Lixed to 1	Example 0	Example 0	Example	Example 2	Example 3
Composition (weight %)	Glutamine-containing peptide	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5		1.5	1.5
	Casein sodium	3	3	3	3	3	3	4.2	3	3
	Lactoprotein	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	L-methionine	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02			0.02
	L-threonine	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01			0.01
	L-tryptophane	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02			0.02
	Substance B		-							-(
	Rape seed oil	1,4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.04	1.4	1.4	1.92
	Medium chain fatty acid	0.6	0,6	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
	Fish ail	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
	Substance C						<u> </u>			
	Dextrin with DE11	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Ō	Dextrin with DE25	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
İ,	Fructose	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
	Substance D				 					
	Succinic acid monoglyceride	0.39	0.33	0.26	0.65		0,6	0.39	0.39	
	Citric acid monoglyceride	0.26	0.33	0.39	_	0.65	0.5	0.26	0.26	
	Substance E								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Water		·	<u> </u>	1	Rest	l	L	L*	<u> </u>
	pH adjuster									
i	Sodium hydroxide	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	 	0.07	0.07
	Other substances	Shown in Table 2								
	Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Г	Protein content (g/100ml)	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	
	Glutamine content (g/100ml)	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0,2	0.75	
	Amino acid score	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	70	
	Lipid content (g/100ml)	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	
	Total calories (kcal/100ml)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
	Carbohydrate content (g/100ml)	13.7	13.7	13.7	13.7	13.7	13.7	13.7	13.7	_
	Osmotic pressure (mOsm/kg)	480	472	479	499	493	461	472	476	
lts	Viscosity (cp)	10	10	10	10	10	7	9	9	
Results	Average particle diameter (μm)	0.18	0.21	0.20	0.28	0.26	0.18	0.19	0.19	_
~	На	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.1	6.7	6.7	
	State of liquid	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×
	Palatability	0	0	0	0	0	Δ	0	0	×
	Preservation test; osmotic pressure (mOsm/kg)	488	493	495	512	507		480	483	_
	Preservation test; viscosity (cp)	10	12	12	18	14	netwe*	10	10	
	Preservation test. average particle diameter (um)	0.18	0.24	0.26	0.77	0.58		0.19	0.19	
	Preservation test; pH	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5		6.5	6.5	
	Preservation test; state of liquid	0	0	0	Δ	Δ	×	0	0	_
Ш	Preservation test; palatability	0	0	0	Δ	Δ	×	0	٥	